

PHARMACY TECHNICIANS POST-TEST QUESTIONS

1. The most common medication error occurring in schools is:
 - A. Wrong drug administered
 - B. Dose given at the wrong time
 - C. Wrong dose administered
 - D. Student missed dose
2. Injectable naloxone is available in which of the following formulations?
 - A. A vial of powder and a syringe full of liquid
 - B. A talking auto-injector that delivers multiple doses
 - C. A nasal spray with doses for each nostril
 - D. A kit including a vial of medication and a syringe
3. A school nurse calls your pharmacy stating she keeps students' insulin at room temperature. She would like to know when she needs to obtain a new vial/pen from caregivers. You suggest:
 - A. 14 days after the insulin was dispensed by the pharmacy
 - B. 28 days after the insulin was removed from the refrigerator
 - C. 42 days after the insulin was dispensed from the pharmacy
 - D. 60 days after the insulin was removed from the refrigerator
4. A school nurse calls your pharmacy stating a child has brought in an MDI inhaler with no dose counter built in, and she is unsure how to recognize when the device is empty. Which of the following is a reasonable recommendation?
 - A. Float the canister in water; if it floats, there are no doses remaining
 - B. Prime the inhaler into the air to check if it puffs
 - C. Make hash-marks on the inhaler to track doses used/remaining
 - D. Shake the inhaler to listen for remaining medication
5. What is the most frequent illicit drug abused among adolescents and young adults?
 - A. Heroin
 - B. Prescription opioids
 - C. Prescription stimulants
 - D. Marijuana
6. Which medication would be most likely forgotten by a child during the school day?
 - A. Short-acting insulin with lunch
 - B. SABA administration before recess
 - C. Antibiotics for an acute infection
 - D. A noon-time dose of immediate-release stimulant medication

7. School nurses and administrators at which of the following institutions should be most concerned about possible hypoglycemia unawareness in diabetic students?
- A. Pre-K and Kindergarten
 - B. Elementary School
 - C. Junior High
 - D. High School
8. A mother calls your pharmacy with concerns that her son, who is living with Type 1 diabetes, will be starting school soon. Which of the following is a good resource to recommend to her?
- A. WebMD
 - B. Glucagon training website
 - C. ADA *Safe at School* website
 - D. The manufacturer website of her son's insulin
9. Which patient should be referred to the pharmacist for counseling about medication use at school?
- A. A 9-year-old with ADHD filling a stimulant medication with a newly-added noontime dose
 - B. A 13-year-old with uncontrolled Type 1 DM adding a sliding scale mealtime insulin
 - C. A 16-year-old soccer player with asthma receiving only one MDI for acute symptoms
 - D. All of the above
10. A new prescription for which of the following should prompt a referral to the pharmacist to counsel a school-aged child?
- A. Albuterol MDI
 - B. Fluticasone nasal spray
 - C. Metformin
 - D. Methylphenidate ER